The Ninth Grade Math Competition Class Quadratic Formula and Polynomial Anthony Wang

1. Find the value of x if x is positive and x-1 is the reciprocal of $x+\frac{1}{2}$.

2. It is given that one root of $2x^2 + rx + s = 0$, with r and s real numbers, is 3 + 2i. Find s.

3. Find all values of k such that $x^2 + kx + 27 = 0$ has two distinct real solutions for x.

4. Find all real solutions to $(x^2 - 5x + 5)^{x^2 - 9x + 20} = 1$.

5. Find all real solutions (x, y) of the system $x^2 + y = 12 = y^2 + x$.

6. Find all values of m for which the zeros of $2x^2 - mx - 8$ differ by m - 1.

7. A polynomial of degree four with leading coefficient 1 and integer coefficients has two zeros, both of which are integers. Which of the following can also be a zero of the polynomial?

 $(A)^{\frac{1+i\sqrt{11}}{2}}$ $(B)^{\frac{1+i}{2}}$ $(C)^{\frac{1}{2}} + i$ $(D)^{1+\frac{i}{2}}$ $(E)^{\frac{1+i\sqrt{13}}{2}}$

8. Find the sum of all the roots of the equation $x^{2001} + (\frac{1}{2} - x)^{2001} = 0$.

9. Three of the roots of $x^4 + ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ are -2, -3, 5. Find the value of a + b + c.

10. One root of the quadratic $x^2 + bx + c = 0$ is 1 - 3i. If b and c are real numbers, then what are b and c?

11. Suppose the roots of $x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x - 11 = 0$ are a, b and c, and the roots of $x^3 + rx^2 + sx + t = 0$ are a + b, b + c, and c + a, find the value of t.

12. Let a, b, and c be the roots of $x^3 - 3x^2 + 1$.

• Find a polynomial whose roots are a + 3, b + 3 and c + 3.

• Find a polynomial whose roots are $\frac{1}{a+3}$, $\frac{1}{b+3}$, and $\frac{1}{c+3}$.

Compute \$\frac{1}{a+3} + \frac{1}{b+3} + \frac{1}{c+3}\$.
Find a polynomial whose roots are \$a^2\$, \$b^2\$ and \$c^2\$.

13. The equation $2^{333x-2} + 2^{111x+2} = 2^{222x+1} + 1$ has three real roots. Find their sum.

14. If P(x) is a polynomial in x such that for all x, $x^{23} + 23x^{17} - 18x^{16} - 24x^{15} + 108x^{14} = (x^4 - 3x^2 - 2x + 9).P(x)$, compute the sum of coefficients of P(x).

15. The real number x satisfies the equation $x + \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{5}$. What is the value of $x^{11} - 7x^7 + x^3$?

16. All the roots of the polynomial $x^6-10z^5+Az^4+Bz^3+cZ^2+Dz+16$ are positive integers, possibly repeated. What is the value of B?